

Abstract Submission Form

The Women's Heart Center Program Committee is accepting abstract submission forms through **August 15, 2025**. Completed forms should be emailed to WHC@TheChristHospital.com.

Abstract submissions should be gender- and sex-specific research pertaining to one of the program topics outlined below.

The Program Committee wishes to encourage young scientific investigators and will reward up to 4 abstracts/posters submitted by presenters considered early career (definition provided below). First place will receive \$1000, second place will receive \$500, and two honorable mentions will each receive \$250.

The presenting author will be sent an email with the status of the submission by **August 22**, **2025**. If your abstract is accepted, your notification will contain complete presentation information. However, please note the following:

- All human subject research must conform to the principles of the Declaration of Helsinki of the World Medical Association.
- The presenting author should be able to provide documentation of IRB approval if requested.
- The Program Committee is unable to reimburse presenters for travel, hotel, or per diem expenses.
- Submission of an abstract constitutes a commitment by the presenting author (or designee) to present inperson at the symposium on October 3, 2025, during the following times:
 - Registration & Networking: 7:00 8:00 am
 - o Networking Lunch: 12:00 1:30 pm
 - o Poster Session Award Announcement: 4:50 5:10 pm
- All accepted abstract presenters must register for the symposium via Eventbrite and pay the applicable registration fees (trainees and invited speakers will have the registration fee waived).
- If an author wishes to withdraw an abstract, please email <u>WHC@TheChristHospital.com</u>.

Presenting Author Information Name (First, Last, Credentials): Vient Institutional Affiliation: The Christ H Email Address: Vien. Truong@thechr Early Career (Defined as physicians, or fellowship programs or within three	, Truong, MD lospital Health Network risthospital.com scientists, medical students, and other	er healthcare providers currently in residency Yes ⊠ No □
Name: Click or tap here to enter text. Name: Click or tap here to enter text.	$\label{prop:eq:email:} Email: \mbox{Click or tap here to enter text.}$	Vest Virgina University Medicine Affiliation: Click or tap here to enter text. Affiliation: Click or tap here to enter text. Affiliation: Click or tap here to enter text.
Disclosures: Please list any relevance Click or tap here to enter text.	nt financial disclosures.	
Abstract Topic (must be gend Preventative cardiology Heart failure Electrophysiology Social Determinants of Health Title: Sex Differences in In-Hospital Mortality Inpatient Sample	 ☑ General cardiology ☐ Cardio-oncology ☐ Cardiovascular Imaging ☐ Mental Health 	☐ Interventional cardiology ☐ Cardio-obstetrics ☐ Coronary Microvasculature ☐ Precision Medicine Dissection: Insights from the National
study, preferably in no more than two Coronary artery dissection is a rare cond	o to three sentences. dition, with nearly 80% of cases occurrir dependently influences mortality outcor	arding the background and purpose of the ng in women. Despite this predominance, it mes. This study aimed to evaluate sex-based
Methods: Briefly state the method We analyzed NIS data from 2017 to 202 processing and statistical analyses were	2 to identify admissions with CAD. The	primary outcome was in-hospital mortality. Data
2.7%, 2.3%, and 2.8%, respectively, with	re identified. The in-hospital mortality ran overall mortality rate of 2.8%. Crud = 0.04). However, after adjustment for a	ates from 2017 to 2022 were 2.8%, 2.3%, 4.1%, e mortality was significantly lower in females age and comorbidity burden using multivariable
Click or tap here to enter text.		

Conclusions: Concisely state the conclusions reached.

Although crude analyses suggested lower mortality in females with CAD, this association was attenuated after adjustment for age and comorbidity burden. These findings indicate that the observed sex-based differences in mortality are likely mediated by baseline clinical characteristics rather than sex alone.

Tables/Figures/Graphics: Include images that are part of your submission here. Images should be high resolution and have a file type of "gif", "jpg", or "jpeg".