

PATELLAR DISLOCATION (NON-OP) - ACCELERATED NON-OP PHYSICAL THERAPY PROTOCOL

Patient Name:	Date:
Evaluate and Tre	at Provide patient with home program
Frequency:x/w	eek x weeks
Phase I: 0-2 Weeks	Acute Phase
Goals	 Minimize knee joint effusion Gently increase range of motion per tolerance Encourage quadricep function Gradual progression of therapeutic exercise for strengthening, stretching, and balance Normalization of gait pattern
ROM	 Week 0-1: 0 degrees of extension Week 1-2: Gradually increase based on tolerance. Full range of motion by 4-6 weeks
Weightbearing/Brace	• Weightbearing as tolerated with knee immobilizer. Switch to lateral patellar stabilizer when there is good quadriceps control
Modalities	 Cryotherapy 15 minutes, 3 times a day IFC for pain and effusion as needed NMES for quadriceps if needed
Treatment Recommendations (Based on Tolerance)	 Active warm-up through range of motion (high bike seat) Gentle stretching to increase range of motion. Emphasis on full return of knee extension as soon as possible with gradual improvement for knee flexion range of motion based on patient tolerance. Low load long duration stretching for extension with heat if needed Patellar mobilization only if needed, avoiding lateral patellar glides AROM / AAROM / PROM Flexibility exercises for hamstring, gastric/soleus, ITB, iliopsoas if indicated Gentle strengthening exercises, pain free. Respect patellofemoral joint reaction forces. Initiate functional closed kinetic chain exercises with strengthening from terminal extensions to mid range flexion Isolate gentle sub-max open kinetic chain exercises from mid range flexion to 0 degrees and light isotonic open kinetic chain exercises 90 degrees to 45 degrees. Adductior squeezes, SLR, closed kinetic chain knee extension, multiangle isometrics at 20 degree increments Gentle short arc 0 degrees to 30 degrees for quadriceps Light isotonic open kinetic chain exercises 90 degrees to 45 degrees Closed kinetic chain exercises 90 degrees to 45 degrees Closed kinetic chain exercises 90 degrees to 45 degrees Gentle short arc 0 degrees to 30 degrees for quadriceps Light isotonic open kinetic chain exercises 90 degrees to 45 degrees Closed kinetic chain exercises of weight shifting, partial wall squats Hip 4-way Gastroc / Soleus strengthening Balance / proprioception exercises, double leg progressing to single leg Core stability and upper body exercises HEP

Phase II: 2-4 Weeks	Minimal Protective Phase
Goals	 Minimize knee joint effusion Return to full range of motion Improved muscle strength and endurance Progression of therapeutic exercises for strengthening, stretching, and balance
ROM	• Gradually progress range of motion with goal of full range of motion by 4-6 weeks
Weightbearing/Brace	 No limitations Normalization of gait pattern if not already achieved Continue with patellar stabilizing brace for long distance ambulation
Modalities	 Cryotherapy 15 minutes, 1-2 times a day IFC for pain and effusion as needed NMES for quadriceps if needed
Treatment Recommendations (Based on Tolerance)	 Active warm-up: Bike, elliptical, treadmill walking Stretching for full range of motion Low load long duration stretching with heat if needed Patellar mobilization only if needed, avoiding lateral patellar glides AROM / AAROM / PROM Flexibility exercises for hamstring, gastric/soleus, ITB, iliopsoas if indicated Strengthening and endurance exercises, pain free. Progression to full range of motion exercises per tolerance. Respect patellofemoral joint reaction forces that increase with knee flexion angles during closed kinetic chain exercises. Incorporate total leg strengthening exercises, avoiding dynamic valgus angles during strengthening and functional activities. Focus on hip abductor and external rotator strengthening Abductor squeeze, SLR, closed kinetic chain knee extension Quadricep open kinetic chain isotonic short arc with progression to full range of motion Hamstring isotonics Closed kinetic chain exercises: progress from mid-range of motion to full range, of motion: leg press, set ups, partial lunge progress to full lunge, lateral step overs, sid step with theraband, partial squats progress to 90 degree Hip 4-way strengthening Gastroc / Soleus strengthening Balance / proprioception Cardiovascular conditioning, core stabilization Ice HEP
Phase III: 4+ Weeks	Return to Activity Phase
Goals	 Progress muscle strength, endurance, and balance activities Progress to higher level activities depending on functional demands and physician approval
Brace	Patellar stabilizing brace only for sport or strenuous work activities until week 12

Treatment	Active warm-up: bike, elliptical, treadmill walking
Recommendations	Stretching and flexibility exercises as needed
(Based on Tolerance)	Strengthening and endurance exercises: advance as tolerated with emphasis on
	functional strengthening.
	 Avoid dynamic valgus during strengthening and functional activities, focusing on hip abductor and external rotator strengthening
	Total leg strenthening Hip strengthening
	• Heel raises
	Hamstring full range of motion isotonics
	Quadricep isotonics in range of motion with chondrosis
	Isokinetic quadriceps and hamstring in range of motion without chondrosis
	 Closed kinetic chain exercises: leg press, multidirectional lunges, squats, step-ups, side steps with theraband
	Gastroc / Soleus strengthening exercises
	• Stairmaster
	Dynamic balance exercises
	 Impact activities if patient has 75% strength on closed kinetic chain testing
	Running program
	• Agility drills
	Plyometrics
	Sports specific activities
	Cardiovascular conditioning
	Core strengthening
Testing at 4-6 Weeks	Linear closed kinetic chain testing
	 Functional testing when appropriate
	• BioSway
Return to Sport/Work	• Based on physician approval, minimal pain at rest or with activity, no knee joint effusion,
Guidlines	full range of motion, isokinetic strength and functional testing at 90% compared to
	uninvolved or normative data, adequate performance on sport specific drills
	Anticipated return to full activity between 8-24 weeks
	erte Medicine Cundersen utberen 10/2007 Web 2 Mey 2012

Gundersen Lutheran Sports Medicine. Gundersen Lutheran, 10/2007. Web. 3 May, 2013.

By signing this referral, I certify that I have examined this patient and physical therapy is medically necessary. This patient _____ would _____ would not benefit from social services.

Physician Name: _____

Date: _____

